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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/711,368	09/14/2004	Mark A. Cuddihy	FGT1942 PA 5367	
28549 7	7590 05/23/2005		EXAMINER	
KEVIN G. M		NGUYEN, TAI T		
ARTZ & ARTZ, P.C. 28333 TELEGRAPH ROAD, SUITE 250 SOUTHFIELD, MI 48034			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2632	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Commence	10/711,368	CUDDIHY ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Tai T. Nguyen	2632
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeared for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the (	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be till within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	mely filed  ys will be considered timely.  the mailing date of this communication.  ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
<ul> <li>1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 Section 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL.</li> <li>2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under Extended 2a</li> </ul>	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pr	
Disposition of Claims		
<ul> <li>4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-29 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw</li> <li>5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-29 is/are rejected.</li> <li>7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.</li> <li>8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or</li> </ul>	vn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10)☒ The drawing(s) filed on 14 September 2004 is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to the o Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	are: a) accepted or b) object drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies of the priority documents application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies of the priority documents are compared to the certified copies of the priority documents are compared to the certified copies of the priority documents are copies of the priority documents.	s have been received. s have been received in Applicate ity documents have been receiv (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s)		
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)</li> <li>Paper No(s)/Mail Date 11/15/04.</li> </ol>	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal I 6) Other:	

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Aoshi (JP 2000-285347).

Regarding claim 25, Aoshi discloses a crash notification method (figure 1) comprising:

an occupant sensor (13) for generating a occupant sensor status signal (figure 2);

a crash sensor (12) for generating a crash status signal (figure 2);

a GPS receiver (8, figure 1) for generating a vehicle position signal (figure 2);

a controller (7) coupled to the occupant sensor, the crash sensor, and the GPS receiver for generating a communication signal as a function of occupant sensor status signal, crash status signal, and the vehicle position signal (figure 2);

transmitting the communication signal to a response center (2) through the communication network (abstract/solution);

wherein the response center determining the nearest public service answering point (3, 4); and

contacting the public service answering point as a native caller (figure 1).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-9, 11-18, and 27-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Aoshi (JP 2000-285347) in view of Yanagi (JP 08-287386).

Regarding claim 1, Aoshi discloses a crash notification system (figure 1) coupled to a communication network (figure 2) having a response center (2) comprising:

an occupant sensor (13) for generating a occupant sensor status signal (figure 2);

a crash sensor (12) for generating a crash status signal (figure 2); and a controller (7) coupled to the occupant sensor and the crash sensor, the controller determining angular direction force from the crash sensor and generating a communication signal that is communicated to the response center through the communication network corresponding to the occupant sensor status signal and the crash status signal (abstract/solution).

Aoshi discloses the instant claimed invention except for specific crash sensor locating in front or side on the vehicle. Yanagi teaches a vehicle accident notification system (figure 1) including a plurality of crash sensors (Si...Sn) locating in front, side,

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and back of the vehicle (figure 2) for detecting front, side, and back impact and generating crash signal therefrom (pages 3-4 of detail description). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the front, side, and back sensors as taught by Yanagi in the system as disclosed by Aoshi for the purpose of detecting impact on a plurality location of vehicle body in order to determine the level/angular of impact to notify the response center to provide assistance in case of serious collision.

Regarding claims 2-4, Aoshi discloses the occupant sensors (13) detecting the number of passengers in a vehicle (2, abstract).

Regarding claims 5-8, Aoshi discloses a seat belt fastening sensor (14) for generating a seat belt status signal and the controller generating a communication signal corresponding to the occupant sensor status signal, the crash status signal and seat belt status signal (figure 2).

Regarding claim 9, Aoshi discloses the instant claimed invention except for a vertical acceleration sensor generating a vertical acceleration signal. Yanagi teaches an attitude-sensing sensor (Sf, figure 1) for detecting the unusual dip of vehicle (paragraph 15 of detail description). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the attitude-sensing sensor as a vertical acceleration sensor as taught by Yanagi in the system as disclosed by Aoshi for the purpose of detecting flip over condition at the time of the accident.

Regarding claim 11, refer to claims 1 and 9 above.

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Regarding claim 12, refer to claim 10 above.

Regarding claim 13, refer to claim 1 above.

Regarding claim 14, refer to claims 2-4 above.

Regarding claims 15-17, refer to claims 5-8 above.

Regarding claims 27-28, the claimed method steps would have been inherent in the product structure as stated in claims 1 and 9 above.

5. Claims 10 and 18-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Aoshi and Yanagi as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Tognazzini (US 5,914,675).

Regarding claim 10, Aoshi, as modified, disclose the instant claimed invention except for system further comprising a vehicle identification number memory having a vehicle identification number (VIN) stored therein. Yanagi teach a memory circuit (21, figure 1) for storing body number, type of a car, and owner information (paragraph 16). Tognazzini teach an emergency location device (10, figure 1) including a vehicle identification number memory (52a) for storing vehicle identification number therein and a controller 24a) for generating a communication signal to a response center (12, col. 5, lines 36-52). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the memory circuit/vehicle identification memory as taught by Yanagi/Tognazzini to in the system as disclosed by Aoshi for the purpose of storing VIN and transmitting VIN to the response center in order to identify the vehicle involve in the accident.

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Regarding claims 18 and 20-21, refer to claims 1 and 10 above.

Regarding claim 19, Aoshi, as modified, disclose the instant claimed invention except for the response center generates a decode vehicle signal in response to the vehicle identification signal. Tognazzini teaches a response center (12, figure 1) including a status decoders (62) to decode the received digital data from the emergency locator device (10) into the vehicle status information (col. 5, line 65 through col. 6, line 10).

Regarding claims 23-24, refer to claims 1 and 5-8 above.

6. Claims 26 and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Aoshi in view of Tognazzini (US 5,914,675).

Regarding claim 26, Aoshi discloses the response center further coupling the communication signal to the public service answering point but fails to disclose the step of displaying the crash status and the occupant sensor status. Tognazzini teach response center (12, figure 1) having a display (64) for displaying status information (col. 6, lines 3-11). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the display as taught by Tognazzini in the system as disclosed by Aoshi for the purpose of providing status information to the rescuer in order to determine the scale of the rescue preparation.

Regarding claim 29, Aoshi, as modified, disclose the instant claimed invention except for system further comprising a vehicle identification number memory having a vehicle identification number (VIN) stored therein and decoding the vehicle identification

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number into vehicle information. Yanagi teach a memory circuit (21, figure 1) for storing body number, type of a car, and owner information (paragraph 16). Tognazzini teach an emergency location device (10, figure 1) including a vehicle identification number memory (52a) for storing vehicle identification number therein and a controller 24a) for generating a communication signal to a response center (12, col. 5, lines 36-52) and response center (12) having a status decoders (62) to decode the received digital data from the emergency locator device (10) into the vehicle status information (col. 5, line 65 through col. 6, line 10). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the vehicle identification memory and decoder as taught by Tognazzini to in the system as disclosed by Aoshi for the purpose of storing VIN and transmitting VIN to the response center and decode the received signal in order to identify the vehicle involve in the accident.

### Conclusion

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Yamagishi (US 6,732,020) and Webb et al. (US 2003/0112133).

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tai T. Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-2961. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 7:30am-5:00pm..

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Daniel J. Wu can be reached on (571) 272-2964. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Tai T. Nguyen Examiner Art Unit 2632

May 19, 2005